

# Writing Linear Equations

## Important Formulas:

Slope Intercept  $y = \overset{\text{slope}}{m}x + \underset{\text{y-intercept (starting point)}}{b}$

Point Slope  $y - y_1 = m(x - x_1)$

Standard Form  $ax + by = c$   $a$  is never negative  
no fractions

Slope (m)  $m = \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1}$   $(x_1, y_1)$   $(x_2, y_2)$

Parallel-SAME SLOPE perpendicular-Opposite Reciprocal  
ex.  $y = 2x - 4$   $\parallel$  slope = 2  
ex.  $y = \frac{2}{3}x - 4$   $\perp$  slope =  $-\frac{1}{2}$

## Given the y intercept and slope

$b = 6$   $m = 12$

$$y = 12x + 6$$

## Given a point and the slope

$(5, 3)$   $m = -4/3$   $m = -4/3$

$y - y_1 = m(x - x_1)$   $x_1 = 5$

$y - 3 = -\frac{4}{3}(x - 5)$   $y_1 = 3$

$y - 3 = -\frac{4}{3}x + \frac{20}{3}$   $\text{dec} \rightarrow \text{frac}$   
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$$y = -\frac{4}{3}x + \frac{29}{3}$$

## Given two points $(x_1, y_1)$ $(x_2, y_2)$ $y = mx + b$

$(18, 3)$   $(5, 13)$   $m = \frac{y_2 - y_1}{x_2 - x_1}$

$m = \frac{13 - 3}{5 - 18} = \frac{10}{-13}$

$m = -\frac{10}{13}$   $x_1 = 18$   
 $y_1 = 3$

$y - 3 = -\frac{10}{13}(x - 18)$

$y - 3 = -\frac{10}{13}x + \frac{180}{13}$

$$y = -\frac{10}{13}x + \frac{219}{13}$$

## Given a point and Parallel or Perpendicular Line

$(-5, 9)$   $\parallel$   $y = 4x - 2$   
 $\parallel = 4$

$m = 4$

$x_1 = -5$

$y_1 = 9$

$y - y_1 = m(x - x_1)$

$y - 9 = 4(x - (-5))$

$y - 9 = 4x + 20$

$y = 4x - 2$

$\perp = -\frac{1}{4} = m$

$$y = 4x + 29$$

$x_1 = 5$

$y_1 = 9$

$y - 9 = -\frac{1}{4}(x + 5)$

$y - 9 = -\frac{1}{4}x - \frac{5}{4}$

$$y = -\frac{1}{4}x + \frac{31}{4}$$

## Written in Standard Form

$4x - 1y = 5$

$-4x$   $-4x$   
 $\frac{-1}{-1}y = \frac{-4x + 5}{-1}$

$$y = 4x - 5$$

- ① subtract x
- ② divide everything by # w/ y